

## Unit 1

## Guests' Visit 客人来访

## Step (1

#### Warming-up

生活中,我们时常会邀请朋友到家里做客。有时候,朋友的突然来访会让我们惊喜不已。当有客人来访时我们该如何彼此问候并进一步展开话题呢?在这个单元里,蒂姆在美国的好朋友尼克利用假期来中国看他。面对尼克的来访,让我们看看蒂姆是怎样招待的吧!

## Step (2

### Situational Dialogue

Dialogue: Jack pays a visit to Tim.

Tim: Jack, I'm glad to see you. How is everything going?

Jack: Not bad. I miss you so much, Tim.

Tim: Me too. It's years since we last met.

Jack: Let me see. It's been two years.

**Tim:** How time flies! Now we are all college students out of little boys.

Jack: How are Aunty Linda, Uncle Frank, and Amy?

**Tim:** Couldn't be better. They plan to visit me this Christmas.

Jack: Oh? It's really a good piece of news.

Tim: Jack, would you like some tea or coffee?

蒂姆:杰克,很高兴见到你。一切都好吗?

杰克:挺好的。我非常想念你,蒂姆。

蒂姆:我也是。我们有好几年没见面了。

杰克:让我想一想。我们有两年没见过了。

蒂姆:时间过得真快啊! 你我现在都是大学生了,不再是小男孩了。

杰克:琳达阿姨、弗兰克叔叔还有艾米他们都 好吗?

蒂姆:好得不能再好了。他们打算今年圣诞节的时候来看我。

杰克:噢?这真是一个好消息。

蒂姆:杰克,你想喝茶还是咖啡?

### 日常情境英语会话

Jack: Coffee, please.

Tim: So, what's new, Jack? Tell me how you've been while I was gone.

Jack: Nothing much, dude. I have just found a new part-time job, a tutor. Maybe it will keep me a bit busy.

Tim: Will you go there every day?

Jack: No, not every day, but three days a week.

Tim: Do you like the job?

Jack: Sure.

杰克:还是咖啡吧。

蒂姆:那么,杰克,你有什么新消息吗?告诉我,我不在的时候你怎么样啊。

杰克:没什么,兄弟。我刚刚找了份新的兼职,做家教。也许,我将会有点忙。

蒂姆:你每天都会去吗?

杰克:不,不是每天都去,而是一周三天。

蒂姆:你喜欢这份工作吗?

杰克:当然。

#### New Words

visit/vvizit/n./v.拜访,参观,探望miss/mis/v.想念college/vko:lid3/n.学院,大学Christmas/vkrisməs/n.圣诞节dude/du:d/n.兄弟,哥们tutor/vtju:tə/n.家庭教师

#### Useful Expressions

- 1. I am glad to see you.
- 2. How is everything going?
- 3. I miss you so much.
- 4. It's years since we last met.
- 5. How time flies!
- 6. Tell me how you've been while I was gone.
- 7. How are Aunty Linda, Uncle Frank, and Amy?
- 8. Couldn't be better.
- 9. Would you like some tea or coffee?
- 10. So, what's new, Jack?

- 1. 很高兴见到你。
- 2. 一切都好吗?
- 3. 我非常想念你。
- 4. 我们有好几年没见面了。
- 5. 时间过得真快啊!
- 6. 告诉我,我不在的时候你怎么样啊。
- 7. 琳达阿姨、弗兰克叔叔还有艾米他们都好吗?
- 8. 好得不能再好了。
- 9. 你想喝茶还是咖啡?
- 10. 那么,杰克,你有什么新消息吗?

#### Sentence Patterns and Substitution Drills

1. How are Aunty Linda, Uncle Frank, and Amy? 琳达阿姨、弗兰克叔叔还有艾米他们都好吗?

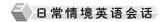
	are your parents?		
How	is your family?		
		?	
	你的父母		
	你的家人		怎么样?
2. Would you like some	tea or coffee? 你想喝茶还是咖啡?		
	juice or water?		
XX7 1.1 1:1	chocolate cake?		
Would you like some	chocolate cake;	?	
	-	:	
	果汁还是水?		
你想来点	巧克力蛋糕吗?		
		?	
3. So, what's new Jack'	?那么,杰克,你有什么新消息吗?		
	7, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21		
	up, Betty?		
What's	happening, Nick?		
, and b		?	
	最近怎么样,贝蒂?		
//-	最近好吗,尼克?		
你	取 <b>匹</b> 对 吗,尼 <b>尤</b> !	9	
		?	

# Step 3 Exercises

Complete the following dialogue according to the Chinese given in the brackets.

Betty: Yes. Please come in.

Tim: So glad to \_\_\_\_\_(见到)you again. How was everything with you these days?



Couldn't be(更好). Please take a seat.
Thank you.
Would you prefer tea or(咖啡)?
I think I prefer Chinese tea.
(红茶)or green tea?
Green tea, please. So what's new, Betty?
I just finish my term paper and I am going to(旅行)next week.
Fantastic! I really envy you.
Oh, these are the books you need. You can take them home and read them at leisure.
Thank you very much.
You are welcome.
单数名词用 is,复数名词全用 are;
,,
I接 am, you接 are, is 跟着他,她,它;
} 单数名词用 is,复数名词全用 are; }
变疑问往前提,句末问号莫丢弃;
变否定,更容易,be后 not 莫忘记。
ill in the blanks with proper forms of "be" a doctor.
a doctor.  Ve good friends.
oua student.
Mary a singer.
ucy and Lily twin sisters.
Rewrite the following sentences according to the information given in the brackets.
am a teacher. (negative sentence)
1

## Unit 2

# Personal Hobbies 个人爱好

## Step 1 Warming-up

朋友之间可以聊的话题很多,个人爱好就是其中之一。那么我们该如何通过兴趣爱好这一话题来加深对彼此的了解呢?在这个单元里,蒂姆和贝蒂在去图书馆的路上聊起了各自的兴趣爱好。让我们来一起了解一下蒂姆和贝蒂各自有什么爱好吧!

## Step 2 S

#### Situational Dialogue

Dialogue: Tim and Betty are talking about their hobbies on the way to the library.

Tim: So, what kind of things do you do in your free time?

**Betty:** I am really into watching foreign films especially American blockbusters. What about you?

**Tim:** I like to do just about anything outdoors. Do you like hiking?

**Betty:** I am not much of an outdoor person. I prefer to play computer games, read books and listen to the music.

Tim: I'm not so into music, really. Maybe we could go camping.

**Betty:** Camping for an evening is OK, but I couldn't do it for much longer than one night!

Tim: My family and I are very fond of camping.

**Betty:** Do you have any photos of any of your camping trips?

Tim: Sure. Would you like to see them?

**Betty:** That would be great! What kind of camera do you have?

Tim: I have a Canon SLR.

蒂姆:嗨,你平常有空的时候都喜欢干什么?

贝蒂:我非常喜欢看外国电影,尤其是美国大 片。你呢?

蒂姆:我喜欢户外运动。你喜欢徒步旅行吗?

贝蒂:我不是很喜欢户外运动。我喜欢玩电脑 游戏、读书和听音乐。

蒂姆:事实上,我不是很喜欢音乐。也许我们可以去露营。

贝蒂:住一晚上还行,不过要是超过一晚上我 就不去了。

蒂姆:我和我的家人都特别喜欢露营。

贝蒂:你有露营的时候拍的照片吗?

蒂姆: 当然。你想看吗?

贝蒂:那太好了。你用的是什么相机?

蒂姆:我用的是佳能单反。

### 日常情境英语会话

**Betty**: So, you must be pretty interested in photography then.

**Tim**: I'd call it one of my hobbies. Do you know much about photography?

Betty: Actually I do.

**Tim:** Have you heard about the photography exhibit that's going on at the exhibition center this weekend?

**Betty:** Yes, I was planning on going. In fact, maybe we could go together.

**Tim:** Good idea. What time should I meet you there?

Betty: How about 10:00?

Tim: Sounds great. See you then.

贝蒂:那么,你一定很喜欢摄影了。

蒂姆:那是我的业余爱好之一。你对摄影了解 得多吗?

贝蒂:坦白说,很了解。

蒂姆:这个周末会展中心有一个摄影展,你听说了吗?

贝蒂:听说了。我正打算去呢。其实,咱们可以一起去。

蒂姆:好主意。咱们几点见?

贝蒂:十点怎么样?

蒂姆:行啊。到时候见。

#### New Words

blockbuster/vblockbaste(r)/n. 大片 hike/haik/v. 徒步旅行、远足 camp/kæmp/v. 露营 photography/fe/togrefi/n. 摄影、摄影学 exhibit/ig/zibit/n. 展览

#### Useful Expressions

- 1. What kind of things do you do in your free time?
- 2. I am really into watching foreign films.
- 3. I like to do just about anything outdoors.
- 4. My family and I are very fond of camping.
- 5. I am not much of an outdoor person.
- 6. I prefer to play computer games, read books and listen to the music.
- 7. I'm not so into music, really.
- 8. So, you must be pretty interested in photography then.

- 1. 你平常有空的时候都喜欢干什么?
- 2. 我非常喜欢看外国电影。
- 3. 我喜欢户外运动。
- 4. 我和我的家人都特别喜欢露营。
- 5. 我不是很喜欢户外运动。
- 6. 我喜欢玩电脑游戏、读书和听音乐。
- 7. 事实上,我不是很喜欢听音乐。
- 8. 那么,你一定很喜欢摄影了。

- 9. I'd call it one of my hobbies.
- 9. 那是我的业余爱好之一。
- 10. Do you know much about photography?
- 10. 你对摄影了解的多吗?

#### Sentence Patterns and Substitution Drills

1. What do you like to do in your free time? 你平常有空的时候都喜欢干什么?

is your hobby? are your interests? What 你的爱好 你的兴趣 是什么? 2. I am really into watching foreign films. 我非常喜欢看外国电影。 travelling. bicycling and hiking. I am really into 旅行。 骑自行车和爬山。 我非常喜欢

3. So you must be pretty interested in photography then. 那么,你一定很喜欢摄影了。

playing tennis then? surfing the Internet then? So you must be pretty 打网球了? 上网了? 那么,你一定很喜欢

## Step (3) Exercises

Complete t	he fol	llowing	dialogue	according	to the	Chinese	given	in	the	brackets
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Comple	te the following dialogue according to the Chinese given in the brackets.					
Nick:	Hi,Tim,what is your(爱好)?					
Tim:	I(非常喜欢)collecting stamps.					
Nick:	Really? How many do you have?					
Tim:	I'm afraid I have lost my count. What's your interest?					
Nick:	Well,I like all kinds of music, but(流行音乐) is one of my favorites. What about you?					
Tim:	I like alternative music.					
Nick:	Do you have a(最喜欢的)band?					
Tim:	To be honest, no. I'm always in search of new music to listen to. Do you often go to concerts?					
Nick:	I usually go to see a live band.					
Tim:	Let me know if you(听说) any good band playing on the weekends. I have more free time then.					
Nick:	OK,I'll let you know.					
There	there be 有特点, 否定 be 后 not 填, 疑问提 be there 前,					
	疑问提 be there 削, 疑否(疑问句和否定句)some,any 换,					
	单数复数就近选(就近原则)。					
.1						

there be 句型基本结构: There be(is/are)+ sb./sth.+地点状语

e.g. There is a pen and some books on the desk.

Are there any students in the classroom?

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. 他的包里有两本书。

2. 电影院里有一群小朋友。		



#### 3. 冰箱里还有一些苹果吗?

## Unit 3

### Parties and Celebrations 派对庆祝

## Step (1)

#### Warming-up

你喜欢参加聚会吗?不管是节日到来时还是考试结束后,聚会一定是大学里必不可少的一项 社交活动。在这个单元里,贝蒂邀请蒂姆在10月23号晚上6点钟参加她的生日聚会。这可是蒂姆 在中国参加的第一个聚会哦!让我们和蒂姆一起去参加贝蒂的生日派对吧!

## Step (2

#### Situational Dialogue

#### Dialogue 1: Betty invites Tim to attend her birthday party.

Betty: What are you doing on October 23rd?

Tim: Nothing I can think of. Why?

**Betty:** If you're not doing anything special that day, why not come to my birthday party? I'm sure you'll get to know a lot of friends.

**Tim:** Great! I'd like to come. Thanks a lot. What time does it start?

Betty: Around 6 o'clock pm.

Tim: Do you need any help setting up? I think I can help you.

**Betty:** Thank you, but I'm sure my parents and I have everything under control.

Tim: That's OK. I'll just show up.

Betty: OK, have a good time. See you.

贝蒂:10月23号那天你有事吗?

蒂姆:没有。怎么了?

贝蒂:如果那天你没有什么特别的事的话,就 来参加我的生日聚会吧。我相信你可以结识 很多朋友。

蒂姆:太好了。我会去的。谢谢。聚会什么时候开始?

贝蒂:晚上6点左右。

蒂姆:需要我帮忙准备什么吗? 我想我能够帮助你。

贝蒂:谢谢,但我相信我和我的父母可以应付得来。

蒂姆:不用客气。我会出席的。

贝蒂:好的。希望你过得愉快。再见!

#### Dialogue 2: Now, Tim arrives at Betty's home.

Betty: Hi, come in. Can I take your coat?

贝蒂:嗨!进来。外套我帮你拿吧?

Tim: Of course, thanks. I brought you a bottle of \ wine as well.

蒂姆:太好了。谢谢。我还给你带了瓶葡萄酒。

### 日常情境英语会话

**Betty:** Thank you. You're the first guest to arrive.

**Tim:** This is a very nice place. How long have you been living here?

**Betty:** Just over one year. Would you like a drink?

Tim: Sure. What do you have?

**Betty:** I've got white wine, red wine, orange juice and Sprite.

**Tim:** I'll have a glass of orange juice. So how many people are coming for the dinner tonight?

**Betty:** I thought there were going to be seven, but Nick called to cancel at the last minute. He wasn't feeling well.

Tim: That's too bad. He is such a good company.

**Betty:** I think there's someone at the door. Excuse me while I go and get that.

贝蒂:谢谢。你是第一个到的客人。

蒂姆: 这房子很漂亮。你住在这里多长时间了?

贝蒂:才一年多。你想喝点什么呢?

蒂姆:好啊! 你这儿都有什么?

贝蒂:我这儿有白葡萄酒、红葡萄酒、橙汁和雪碧。

蒂姆:请给我一杯橙汁吧! 今天晚上要来多少人?

贝蒂:我原本以为会有七个人。尼克临时打电话过来说来不了了。他身体不舒服。

蒂姆:太槽糕了。他是个很好的玩伴。

贝蒂:我觉得好像有人到门口了。不好意思, 我离开一下去开门。

### New Words

special/'speʃl/adj. 特殊的、重要的around/ə'raond/prep. 大约、左右Sprite/spraɪt/n. 雪碧cancel/'kænsl/v. 取消company/'kʌmpənɪ/n. 伙伴

### Useful Expressions

- 1. What are you doing on October 23rd?
- 2. Nothing I can think of. Why?
- 3. If you're not doing anything special that day, why not come to my birthday party?
- 4. I'm sure you'll get to know a lot of friends.
- 5. Do you need any help setting up?
- 6. I'll just show up.

- 1.10 月 23 号那天你有事吗?
- 2. 没有。怎么了?
- 3. 如果那天你没有什么特别的事的话,就来参加我的生日聚会吧。
- 4. 我相信你可以结识很多朋友。
- 5. 需要我帮忙准备什么吗?
- 6. 我会出席的。

露面的。到场的。

我会

# Step 3 Exercises

Complet	e the following dialogue according to the Chinese given in the brackets.					
Nick:	Do you like to go to the(聚会)?					
Tim:	Yes. My friends say I'm a real party animal.					
Nick:	What's the party like in your country?					
Tim:	Well, you know, because beer is very expensive in my country, we always bring our own beer. And we play drinking games. Sometimes it's really (疯狂的).					
Nick:	What do you do at parties, drinking?					
Tim:	Yeah, we drink,(跳舞), and so on.					
Nick:	Are there lots of parties(在校园里)?					
Tim:	Yeah. We would party after exams. We need to(放松), so we hit the bars.					
Nick:	Hit?					
Tim:	Oh! "Hit" doesn't mean we hit them. It means we make a list of bars and go to them.					
Nick:	Oh,I see.					
祈使句						
	祈使句,无主语,动词开头就可以;					
	表示请求或命令,加上 please 表客气;					
	要想变成否定句,Don't 开头别忘记。					
	nslate the following sentences into English. 尽重!					
2.	<b>肯坐</b> 。					
3. 1/2	京再不要迟到了。					